Vermont Education Equity in 2020



Higher Education Act

The Higher Education Act of 1965 authorizes a number of federal aid programs to provide assistance for students in secondary and postsecondary institutions. The Act was comprehensively reauthorized most recently in 2008 and has been reauthorized eight times in total.

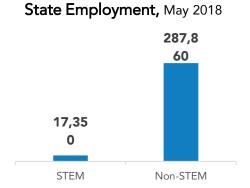
Career and Technical Education (CTE) in Vermont

CTE provides secondary and postsecondary students with academic and technical skills and knowledge to prepare for the current and future workforce. To realize our business, economic, and human potential, we must close equity gaps by gender, race and ethnicity, and special population status in high-skill, high-wage, programs of study.

CTE ENROLLMENT BY GENDER		OUTCO	OUTCOMES, 2016–2017 school year					
	4,177	93%		of Vermont high school students participating in CTE programs graduated				
	Male	78%	78% of CTE high school students met performance g for technical skills					
4,025 Female		51%	of Vermont C credential, ce	ondary students earned a degree				
CTE ENROLLMENT BY RACE								
Secondary		1.3%	AMERICAN INDIAN/ ALASKAN NATIVE	0.7%	Postsecondary			
		2.4%	ASIAN	2.1%				
		2.0%	BLACK	2.7%				
		0.4%	HISPANIC/LATINO	3.0%	\mathbb{V}			
		0.0%	PACIFIC ISLANDER	0.0%				
		91.6%	WHITE	84.5%				
		2.3%	2+ or OTHER	4.8%				

Sources: Perkins Collaborative Resource Network, Association for Career & Technical Education, Congressional Research Service.

High-Skill, High-Wage, In-Demand: Middle Skill and STEM Jobs





STEM share of total state employment

\$80,200 Average annual wage of a STEM job

\$48,310 Average annual wage of a non-STEM job

Minority Serving Institutions

. . .

Almost 700 institutions across the United States are Minority Serving Institutions (MSIs) and produced 28% of graduates in 2017. MSIs admit a larger proportion of minority and low-income students than non-MSIs. They propel their students from the bottom to the top of the income distribution at higher rates than do non-MSIs, showing that MSIs are a viable path to climb the economic ladder.

Vermont	United States	
0	24	Alaska Native and Native Hawaiian Serving Institutions (ANNH)
0	125	Asian American and Native American Pacific Island Serving Institutions (AANAPISI)
0	386	Hispanic Serving Institutions (HSI)
0	92	Historically Black Colleges and Universities (HBCU)
0	27	Native American Indian Serving, Non-Tribal Institutions (NASNTI)
0	101	Predominantly Black Institutions (PBI)
0	33	Tribal Colleges and Universities (TCU)

2019 MSI Breakdown, public 2-year, public 4-year, private 4-year

Adult Learners

An individual employer, group of employers, labor organization, education institution, or an industry association can sponsor an apprenticeship program. These programs provide hands-on learning and technical instruction for apprentices, often adults seeking to upskill or re-skill into a different industry.

State Apprenticeship	Information, May 2018
----------------------	-----------------------

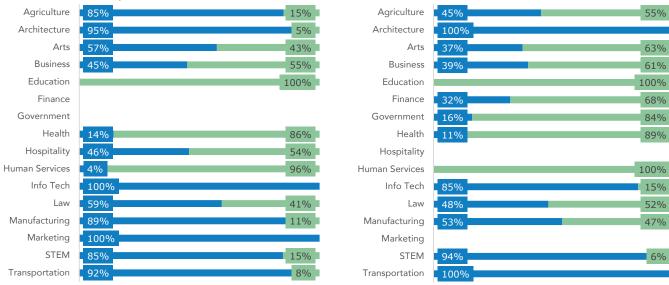
	Active Apprentices	Active Programs		
National	585,026	238,549		
Vermont	1,783	362		

Sources: Bureau of Labor Statistics, Affordable Colleges Online, American Council on Education, Rutgers, United States Department of Labor.

State Concentrator Enrollment

Male Female

Vermont Secondary Enrollment, 2017-2018**



Vermont Post-Secondary Enrollment, 2017-2018**

Workforce Innovation & Opportunity Act (WIOA)

WIOA is landmark legislation that took effect on July 1, 2015, and is designed to strengthen and improve our nation's public workforce system and help place Americans, including youth and those with significant barriers to employment, into high-quality jobs and careers.

WIOA FUNDING AND PARTICIPATION

United States	© [>>	\$1,137,680,343 Funding	932,835 Participan	ts*	516,060 Men		416,002 Women	
Vermont	© []>>	\$98,628,190 Funding	6,107 Participant	-s*	3,352 Men	Ŕ	2,735 Women	
PARTICIPATION, by age								
	Under 1	6 16-18 1 [.]	9-24 2	5-44 4	5-54 !	55-59	60+	

	Under 16	16-18	19-24	25-44	45-54	55-59	60+
National	12,563	248,187	196,220	241,666	126,878	56,193	51,700
Vermont	198	1,368	902	1,826	899	477	433

PARTICIPATION, by race and ethnicity

	Al/AN	Asian	Black	Hispanic/ Latino	NH/PI	White	More than one
National	18,541	22,420	219,303	161,303	6,284	681,296	175,620
Vermont	66	79	182	75	6	5,843	162

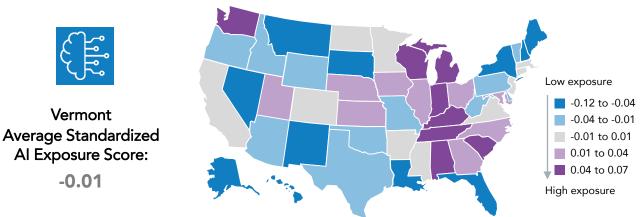
*Total participants may not be a sum of Men and Women due to self reporting

**Secondary and Post-Secondary Enrollment data shown reflects data that met DOL and DOE reporting standards

Sources: Perkins Collaborative Resource Network, U.S. Department of Labor, U.S. Department of Education.

Artificial Intelligence and the Workforce

The likeliness of workforce exposure to AI depends on gender, age, race and ethnicity. AI could affect work in virtually every occupational group. AI exposure is calculated by quantifying the overlap between the text of AI patents and the text of job descriptions, identifying occupations likely to be affected by AI specifically, as opposed to those affected more broadly by other automation technologies.

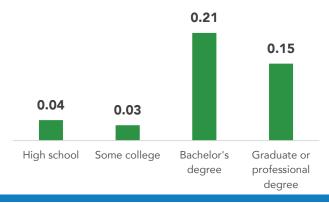


Average standardized AI exposure by state, 2017

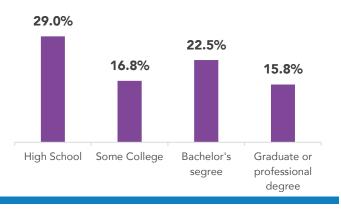
U.S. AI exposure by gender, age, and race and ethnicity, 2017



U.S. Al exposure by education level, 2017



Vermont Educational Attainment, 2017



Sources: The Brookings Institute, Census.gov.