

Equity in CTE & STEM Root Causes and Strategies

A Call to Action

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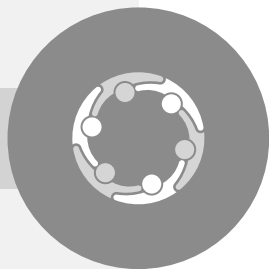
A Call to Action



Career and Technical Education (CTE) and Science, Technology, Engineering, and Mathematics (STEM) education are critical pathways for America’s youth and adults, offering access to high-skill, high-wage, in-demand programs of study and pathways to careers with financial stability. These occupations are still too often segregated by gender, race and ethnicity, socioeconomic status, and disability status. Women and girls; Black, Indigenous, and People of Color (BIPOC); individuals from low-income backgrounds; and individuals with disabilities are being left out of the opportunities and the promise of CTE and STEM. The Strengthening Career and Technical Education for the 21st Century Act (Perkins V) focuses state and local resources toward identifying, examining, and addressing equity gaps in programs of study aligned to business and industry needs. One of the five ‘non-negotiables’ in **Without Limits: A Shared Vision for the Future of Career Technical Education**, developed by Advance CTE in 2021, is a commitment to “all dimensions of equity, including educational, racial, socio-economic, gender, and geographic, and meeting the unique needs of each individual learner.”¹



In 2016, the National Science Foundation (NSF) unveiled a set of “Big Ideas,” highlighting the NSF INCLUDES Program to build collaborative efforts aimed at enhancing preparation, increasing participation, and ensuring contributions of individuals from historically underrepresented and underserved groups in the STEM enterprise such as African Americans, Alaska Natives, Hispanics, Native Americans, Native Hawaiians, Native Pacific Islanders, persons with disabilities, persons from economically disadvantaged backgrounds, and women and girls.² This commitment is part of increasing critical recognition at the national level that the systems that have sustained CTE and STEM education have also left out and marginalized many individuals and communities. CTE and STEM communities are calling for an inclusive ecosystem to prepare today’s learners for the jobs and careers of the future.



To support change toward systemic, institutional, and individual equity, NAPE believes that we must begin with changing our own awareness, understanding, and behavior. Individual actors in education have significant influence and power within institutions and organizations. Through research-informed professional shifts in behavior and programming, individuals can interrupt and dismantle inequitable systems, replacing them with new structures and processes designed for equitable outcomes. To achieve this objective, we must examine root causes of exclusion as a foundation for identifying best practices and building new strategies to close opportunity gaps.

NAPE is committed to building educators' capacity to examine and address unexamined assumptions and biases and how they create barriers to access and opportunity at the individual, institutional, and system level. We believe in providing resources and tools to support a long-term, evolving commitment required to build programs for sustainable change in education.

For better and for worse, complex cultural and professional resistance and expansion are already changing the CTE/STEM landscape. Courageous leadership is necessary or the tools employed will be ineffective. By recognizing and analyzing the complexity of the issues behind equity challenges, we reveal opportunities that can shift individual and institutional practices. Such efforts will lead to success in closing equity gaps and applying strategies for building the 21st century workforce.

This resource builds on the success and impact of the **Nontraditional Career Preparation Root Causes & Strategies**³, which focused on identifying evidence- and research-based practices to address equity gaps in nontraditional occupational pathways, especially for women in CTE programs of study leading to STEM jobs. The original "Root Causes" Resource is the backbone for NAPE's Program Improvement Process for Equity™ (PIPE™). The new **Equity in CTE & STEM Root Causes and Strategies**⁴ is an in-depth analysis of the root causes of inequity and exclusion in CTE and STEM education through an intersectional lens. We draw on many areas of research especially from scholars and thought leaders who are women, People of Color, and those whose own experiences of marginalization inform their work. We purposefully explore theories and best practices related to specific marginalizations and examine ways that insights from these approaches can be applied to support all underrepresented groups. We focus on diverse individuals and communities who continue to be underrepresented and underserved in programs of study that lead to high-skill, high-wage, in-demand careers with family-sustaining wages. **This resource explores the ways that educators can be intentional about removing systemic barriers to access and opportunity for the many marginalized career seekers who could contribute to CTE/STEM fields.**



This **Call to Action** is an introduction to the comprehensive resource, **Equity in CTE & STEM Root Causes and Strategies**⁴. Both provide an intersectional lens to examine the ways that individual learners are affected by the dynamics within education, careers, and community, offering a wealth of insights into specific and overlapping root causes. The snapshot of current theories and evidence-based strategies provided identifies and addresses the structures, practices, and biases that must shift to promote equity and sustainable change.

We hope this will be a helpful overview and tool to assist with program and institutional improvement initiatives, and to stimulate dialogue within and among institutions and systems delivering CTE and STEM education. This tool can help you identify general recommendations for interventions and the root causes that make interventions necessary. You can also use this summary to identify sections of the literature review that you want to explore more fully—

- ◆ to find detailed evidence from current research,
- ◆ models for programming and assessment,
- ◆ strategies for successful intervention, and
- ◆ resources for funding, partnership, and program development.

Each chapter summarized here supports the call to action that fuels NAPE’s vision for building equity. Three issues frame this research and ground the literature review as a whole.

Dominant Cultural Norms

First, we acknowledge that dominant norms in professions, institutions, and communities are often based in unexamined biases and stereotypes that limit participation, persistence, and completion by privileging some identities as a good fit and excluding others as deficient. Dominant cultural norms have significant influence in the context of education in relationships between educators across all roles, and with students, families and communities.

Focus on Power

Second, we focus on studying power relationships, including the ways we as individuals have come to define power and to navigate the networks of power. These are often naturalized as cultural norms and assumptions that shape our assessment of individuals, groups and initiatives for change.

Intersections of Identities

Finally, we focus on identity as a complex, multi-faceted and evolving intersection of experience, background, values, and abilities. An intersectional lens extends the simplistic assumption that identity is singular and related only to culturally regulated roles such as race or gender. It also accounts for the ways systems interact with those identities.

Too often, we blame students for the system's failure to serve them adequately. Nothing needs to be "fixed" about our learners.

The key to addressing root causes at the system level is to put the student (or learner) at the center of the equation.

NAPE helps individual actors in education recognize and shift the ways the system may not be serving students, offering tools to address those systemic barriers. When we identify barriers to access and opportunity for students from underrepresented groups, we can either reinforce and perpetuate that system or interrupt it in order to dismantle and transform it.

NAPE is committed to ensuring every person is able to fulfill their potential through equal access to and equity in educational options that lead to the entire spectrum of career choices. This requires shifting biases and mindsets for educators and CTE/STEM gatekeepers. In addition, our resources and programs promote innovative and sustainable equity initiatives that can transform institutions, workplaces, and systems. We hope this **Call to Action** helps you evaluate your own assumptions, biases, practices, and equity strategies. We believe that the larger literature review will offer tools to strategically improve your teaching, curriculum, school climate, partnerships, and policies.



Structure

Equity in CTE and STEM Root Causes and Strategies: A Call to Action includes a literature summary and an infographic framework of an ecosystem for equity in CTE and STEM. The framework illustrates an ecosystem of interdependent elements, revealing the external factors influencing students. Each of the external elements is its own system and interacts with the others, compounding the structures of inequity. Three identify the external factors influencing students: (1) Education, (2) Career, and (3) Community. The final component, the Individual, illustrates the effects of the three external factors on students, and their internal experiences as they navigate CTE/STEM education and career pathways. Each section summarizes key theory and evidence-based strategies that are effective in addressing established root causes. The complete literature review⁴ provides detailed exploration of key concepts as well as specific examples of strategic interventions and resources from the field.



Equity in CTE/STEM Ecosystem™

ROOT CAUSES AND SOURCES OF STRATEGIES



EDUCATION	CAREER	COMMUNITY	INDIVIDUAL
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◆ Access to and Participation in CTE/STEM ◆ Instructional Strategies ◆ Institutional Climate ◆ Support Networks 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◆ Challenges of Culture Change in CTE/STEM Fields ◆ Training, Recruitment, and Placement ◆ Role Models and Mentors 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◆ Community Engagement ◆ Employer Engagement ◆ Parent and Family Engagement ◆ Student Voice 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ◆ Intersecting Identities ◆ Self-concept: Agency, Self-efficacy, and Self-determination ◆ Mindset ◆ Stereotype Threat

EXTERNAL INFLUENCES



Education

Building diversity in educational settings will bring needed vitality to training and business development in fields requiring CTE and STEM education. Excluding or limiting participation and success of underrepresented students impacts the evolution of professions as well as individuals who might otherwise achieve independence and success. Inflexible and biased educational programming creates workers who will accommodate an inflexible and biased workplace. Although some educators and employers might be initially uncomfortable with inclusion, shifting toward equity in schools and professions increases community building, innovation, and entrepreneurship to meet 21st century challenges.

Access to and Participation in CTE/STEM



Each root cause has strategies listed as bullets →

Individual discrimination is only one level where educational limitations exclude underrepresented students. Exclusionary institutional practices and systemic silos cement stereotypes by affecting hiring, partnerships, programming, curriculum, and administrative policies. Honest assessment of these interconnected arenas is necessary to bridge gaps to build equity. Assessing common practices and creating interventions that address all three levels will increase physical, social, community, classroom, school, and district resources for inclusion, participation, performance, and completion.

- ◆ Assess cultural attitudes, values, strengths, and challenges of your student population and integrate those multicultural perspectives into CTE/STEM curricula and programs to build inclusion and equity
- ◆ Integrate teaching and learning strategies to value different learning needs and cultural experiences
- ◆ Hire diverse educators and engage community and professional mentors to build rapport and engagement
- ◆ Create parallel supplemental programming and equitable work-based learning initiatives, both short and long term to support inclusive curriculum initiatives
- ◆ Build whole school assessment to evaluate progress and prevent silos in program development and transition

Instructional Strategies



Understanding the root cause of exclusion demands that we think of equity as an educational practice, as well as a value. Without opportunities for personal and professional development for teachers and students, narrow parameters for success in CTE/STEM programming and classroom settings will continue to create silos. Equitable accommodations, skill-building, and culturally responsive content can become lost if schools and school systems maintain outmoded standards. Well-intentioned policies to support the Common Core, Perkins V, and other mandates may none-

theless be applied in ways that increase deficit thinking and embed biases despite acknowledging the increasing diversity of student populations⁵.

- ◆ Use maker space activities to expand curriculum into student-centered and problem-based learning strategies
- ◆ Integrate Culturally Responsive Teaching (CRT) to increase a sense of belonging for underrepresented students and sustain innovation in the classroom
- ◆ Schedule ongoing and regular assessment of student responses and attitudes about new curriculum initiatives. Valuing student voices makes a difference.
- ◆ Build equitable extracurricular engagement for underrepresented students to increase professional and personal development in career paths
- ◆ Identify funding for partnerships and curriculum development to expand equity innovations into employer and community contexts

Institutional Climate



School/Institution and classroom ecology cannot be equitable without respect for diverse community values in every level of culture. A healthy ecosystem promotes engaged learning, inclusive programs, and diverse curriculum to develop strong academic and social self-concepts for all students. Negative school and classroom climate has a cascading effect on participation, persistence, and completion in CTE/STEM career paths, particularly for underrepresented students. Negative school climate can make effective classroom interventions ineffective, or unsustainable—sabotaging program, curriculum, and individual equity interventions.

- ◆ Build inclusion with multi-tiered learning opportunities and whole school initiatives
- ◆ Assess intergroup dynamics within programs and across social groups in classrooms and the school
- ◆ Support innovation with diverse and collaborative leadership structures at all institutional levels
- ◆ Assure long-term improvement for equity by creating a culture of assessment and long-term professional development for all gatekeepers
- ◆ Identify silos and roadblocks caused by policy, specifically looking at gaps for underrepresented students with CTE/STEM interests
- ◆ When evaluating participation, persistence, and completion, identify representation patterns between classes, programs, and overall school/institution inclusion. Find and compare data to examine intersections of gaps and dominant participation across identities/populations, identifying both dominant and underrepresented individuals/groups. For example, when looking at equity gaps

for women and girls, be intentional about disaggregating those data by race and ethnicity and special population categories.

- ◆ Support teachers with equity professional development tied to specific CTE/STEM innovations

Support Networks



The first interventions designed to bridge achievement gaps for marginalized students generally begin by establishing institutional support teams tasked with addressing federal and state mandates. Ironically, these responses, without an equity mindset, can support systemic CTE/STEM exclusion even when legal mandates are technically followed. Underrepresented students often have limited access to academic or professional support networks, leaving them vulnerable to low expectations, bias, staff discomfort with accommodations, and misalignment of goals and student interests. Systemically required accommodations, such as an individualized education plan (IEP) and other processes, can be used to create silos and inflexible certificate programs. They may also support traditional assumptions about ability, focusing on weaknesses rather than strengths and interests.

- ◆ Teach and assess creative and practical inclusive strategies through professional development for CTE/STEM gatekeepers
- ◆ Increase technology literacy and more effective networks for all stakeholders
- ◆ Reduce bias and increase cultural responsiveness in recruitment and coaching materials
- ◆ Increase collaborative partnerships within and outside the school specifically for students from underrepresented groups in CTE/STEM
- ◆ Measure progress with formal and informal assessment tools to gather interdisciplinary information





Career

Inequities in CTE/STEM career paths begin early in educational settings, with patterns of exclusion paralleled in extracurricular activities, work-based learning (WBL), internships, and employment opportunities. These are embedded in multiple professional contexts for training, certification, and advancement. As cultural practices shift to value increasing diversity in the workforce, educators and employers need to consider the root causes that increase resistance to change.

Challenges of Culture Change in CTE/STEM Fields



Each root cause has strategies listed as bullets →

Access, participation, and retention in CTE/STEM workplaces depend as much on the culture of a field/organization as on the skills and resilience of the career seeker. Terms such as “empowerment,” “inclusion,” and “diversity” are defined differently depending on the context, and marginalized employees are often faced with the choice to assimilate or leave. In the sometimes contested and evolving organizational and social frameworks that make applied equity practices challenging, employers and educators alike should create a “safe space” for participation of all workers. This shift means mindfully shaping opportunities for underrepresented employees to engage authentically, feel valued, and contribute in unique ways to the field.

- ◆ Design school/employer professional partnerships in CTE/STEM curriculum and training programs to support cultural shifts toward equity. Do not rely only on participation of students from underrepresented as a solution. Inclusion requires institutions to make climate and cultural shifts that ideally enables individuals from underrepresented groups to be their whole and authentic selves at work.
- ◆ Be attentive to cultural differences in needs for work-life balance in training and workplace contexts
- ◆ Use current and comparative statistics to ground equity initiatives in contemporary conditions when working with employees, counselors, mentors, parents, and other stakeholders
- ◆ Include students from underrepresented groups in work-based learning (WBL) and supported employment opportunities
- ◆ Integrate equity-building psychological supports in organizational change initiatives to make them both sustainable and economically innovative

Training, Recruitment, and Placement



Effective recruitment and hiring practices depend on connections and strategies supported by multiple stakeholders from early career exploration through certification and placement. Access is not only a matter of including diverse candidates who fit unexamined dominant norms; it is

about establishing ways of assessing students and career seekers as whole candidates, and creating pathways that recognize multiple qualifications and contributions.

- ◆ Include underrepresented career seekers into career networks to increase opportunities, awareness and exposure.
- ◆ Partner with colleges and universities that have innovative programs for advanced CTE/STEM students underrepresented in their fields of interest
- ◆ Evaluate expectations, certificate requirements and job descriptions to create diverse entry level and customizable employment positions
- ◆ Use whole person, strengths-based career assessment tools to support marginalized career seekers and help them build customized jobs and career pathways.

Role Models and Mentors



Although workplace diversity has significantly increased in the 21st century, workplace cultures change more slowly. This creates challenges for underrepresented workers as they weather discrimination and tensions that might limit their advancement or cause them to leave CTE/STEM careers. Although mentoring programs are valuable tools for retention and advancement, without equity strategies for gradual, practical institutional change, workplace bias remains a deterrent. In any school or employment context, regardless of the percentage of students or workers traditionally underrepresented in CTE/STEM fields, effective role models for marginalized populations are often absent or inadequate.

- ◆ Strategically match mentors and their mentees by attending to similarities in background, experience, and skills needed for support
- ◆ Train mentors so that they respect diverse identities as individual, cultural, and intersectional
- ◆ Support all career training and employment transitions for marginalized career seekers with diverse role models and appropriate policies to engage difference with respect
- ◆ Use diverse assessment tools and ongoing assessment to track programs and individual progress regularly during programming to track ongoing challenges and measure effectiveness of strategies





Individual

Institutions and systems are historically biased, and the assumptions and stereotypes that define a dominant idea of the norm are generally reinforced by the gatekeepers of advancement. These norms are not the skill standards for careers or literacy, but they nonetheless limit the participation of people who are perceived as outsider groups in CTE/STEM career paths. Stereotypes are both imposed and internalized, through interconnected root causes that underestimatize or stigmatize marginalized individuals and their cultural groups.

Intersecting Identities



Individual experiences of our identities are varied and layered, but dominant cultural biases oversimplify and underrepresent the complexity of cultures and their contexts. These simplifications support institutionalized systems of power, privilege, and oppression. They shape the assumptions of educators in CTE/STEM programs and the experiences of any marginalized students in these programs, both consciously and unconsciously. Everyone has intersecting social identities that uniquely prepare them for their chosen career paths, but imposed stereotypes can be internalized as part of limiting beliefs and are often experienced as roadblocks or exclusions.

Each root cause has strategies listed as bullets →

- ◆ Use asset-based individual assessments to support equitable advancement
- ◆ In curriculum development, include diverse and nontraditional case studies
- ◆ Identify overlapping vulnerabilities in all students and intervene to build strengths
- ◆ Integrate role models that mirror successful diversity into mentoring and training in your field
- ◆ Track and support changes in mindset in teachers, students, and partners. Be sure to evaluate programs with long-term tools that assess bias and stereotypes in programming and communication.

Self-concept: Agency, Self-efficacy, and Self-determination



An individual's self-concept shapes their identity development as well as their expectations and behavior in CTE/STEM career paths. A student's agency, self-efficacy, and self-determination affect their ability to define themselves as independent adults. Whether self-concept is healthy or limiting also affects the vulnerable transition through grade levels, career preparation programs, work-based learning (WBL), and secondary and postsecondary certifications, and into employment opportunities. Ironically, failure in these transitions is often represented as lack of ability, character, or aptitude for individuals in underrepresented groups, rather than as a direct result of the biases in systems that have affected students' self-efficacy and assessment of their own ability and capacity.

- ◆ Use interdisciplinary and entrepreneurial training/teaching strategies to build student resilience
- ◆ Shift group work from task-based to creative problem-solving that honors diverse experiences, perspectives, and ways of learning to build belonging and self-awareness
- ◆ In institutions, create leadership teams that are diverse and systemically supported to build equitable CTE/STEM inclusion initiatives
- ◆ Address gaps in equitable participation, performance, and persistence early in schools and programs
- ◆ Build teacher and administrator self-efficacy training into professional development as a way to make student self-efficacy support more coherent and sustainable
- ◆ Even when accommodating identified deficits for students with disabilities, be attentive to individual student interests and strengths
- ◆ Build institutional career path processes to give all students an active role in making choices, and remove systemic barriers for underrepresented students

Mindset



Current mindset theory offers insight into one way teacher assumptions are reflected in student experiences in CTE/STEM career paths. When educators, counselors, and other gatekeepers assume that intelligence, skills, and abilities are fixed, their biases assign permanent deficits to specific underrepresented groups based on cultural stereotypes. Students in these groups often develop a fixed mindset about their own skills and abilities, mirroring gatekeeper bias. A growth mindset, the belief that skills and abilities can develop as people learn, is one strategy to support equity in career paths and build self-efficacy and agency in underrepresented students. When students are blamed for their failure to thrive, because their performance confirms an existing bias, they may struggle both with a fixed mindset and oppressive institutional and systemic limitations justifying stereotypes and undercutting equity. Being attentive to mindset in the classroom, the school, and in systemic structures supports strength-based individual development.

- ◆ Build growth mindset training into professional development for CTE/STEM gatekeepers to support all students, but particularly underrepresented students. Ensure that the training is nuanced to recognize how growth mindset practices can perpetuate inequities if applied through a deficit rather than asset focus.
- ◆ Support equity in program development and new programming by challenging fixed mindset biases in curriculum and teaching practices
- ◆ Normalize mistakes and failure in the classroom

- ◆ Give all students honest positive feedback as they learn, instead of reinforcing negative performances
- ◆ Use active learning methods to support goal-setting and self-assessment in study and testing tools
- ◆ Acknowledge the different life experiences of students as they learn to encourage a growth mindset in themselves
- ◆ In programs that support underrepresented students in CTE/STEM career paths, build performance assessments that reinforce a growth mindset
- ◆ Acknowledge the value of social-emotional learning tools and integrate them into CTE/STEM career paths early, starting in elementary school and continuing at appropriate age levels until graduation

Stereotype Threat



Stereotype threat is a mirroring process that students adopt unconsciously, performing negative cultural, racial, ethnic, or gender stereotypes that have been imposed on them and that they have internalized as personal beliefs and fears. In academic and career path activities, underrepresented students may perform these stereotypes in behaviors, expectations, and academic contexts. It is a common root cause for self-selected exclusion from CTE/STEM pathways and other self-sabotaging behaviors. Stereotype threat is also connected to classroom climate as individuals, responding to stereotypes, internalize assumptions about capacity, underestimate their potential, under perform on important assessments, or fear to participate fully. These behaviors are often interpreted as confirmation of discriminate practices and attitudes, confirming stigmas and increasing the likelihood of bullying and inequitable treatment of marginalized learners. It is critical for people in education working with students who have been affected by stereotype threat to recognize and address the ways that the educational environment as a system has affected a student's internalized self-assessment in the context of CTE and STEM.

- ◆ Include training in implicit and explicit bias for CTE/STEM teachers on every level, with practical strategies to adapt classroom work to prevent stereotype threat
- ◆ On a program and institutional level, commit to regular assessment for curriculum initiatives and assessment/testing to minimize bias
- ◆ Acknowledge school and classroom climate as a force in individual student performance, reducing bullying and stigmatization as part of diversity initiatives
- ◆ Use alternative assessment tools to acknowledge diverse learning styles and shift student assumptions about ability and expectation





Community

Current theory and evidence-based research on community development support the need for a significant mindset shift in CTE/STEM career path preparation to include meaningful community-building. Conventional community development is limited to building bridges for a few exceptional individuals. Active engagement in marginalized communities requires educators and leaders to be aware of systemic power structures that limit social and economic access for underrepresented populations. Recent calls for justice and equity recommend decentering unexamined biases embedded in unexamined cultural ideas of individualism, community outreach, and CTE/STEM inclusion. The requirements in Perkins V for stakeholder input and engagement open the door to greater reciprocity in relationships with the community our institutions ultimately serve.

Community Engagement



A key challenge that limits the existing outreach model of CTE/STEM inclusion is the inequitable and self-interested outreach models that dominate ideas about community building. This top-down engagement with diverse local communities has negative cascading effects for nontraditional populations, decreasing and weakening representation over time. Multiple individual, institutional, and systemic policies and practices limit community development initiatives to recruit underrepresented students. The focus is on public relations rather than equity building. Furthermore, these initiatives often tend to cherry pick highly qualified individuals, isolating marginalized individuals from their communities. Educational and industry innovators who want to create authentic community development must move from outreach to collaboration.

Each root cause has strategies listed as bullets →

- ◆ Connect businesses, schools, and community organizations in partnership initiatives for community development
- ◆ Before designing a community engagement program, prioritize data collection and analysis to acquire complete information
- ◆ Rather than focusing on statistical results for individual participants, assess community-based programs for quality of engagement with all stakeholders
- ◆ Be attentive to relevant culturally specific values as you build collaborative structures
- ◆ Include active problem-solving processes in community partnerships that honor multi-cultural values and create collaborative opportunities
- ◆ Begin early in school contexts to bring community members and local employers into classroom experiences
- ◆ Inside and outside of schools, integrate long-term mentoring from local employers and community members into youth experiences

Employer Engagement



Employers may have consulting or mentoring roles in CTE/STEM classrooms and training programs, but they are rarely effectively included as part of the educational institution or local community for pathway development beyond recruitment efforts. This limited role blunts innovative problem solving in curriculum equity as well as workplace equity expansion through community development. Often, employers do not feel they are full participants in WBL and curriculum initiative partnerships, which affects their expectations and willingness to support equity initiatives.

- ◆ Shift systemic, institutional, and professional assumptions about students from underrepresented groups with equity-based community collaborations
- ◆ Partner with district, state, and national programs to include and support local employers in CTE/STEM
- ◆ Explore community values and needs as you establish strategic partnerships to support underserved communities
- ◆ Engage CTE/STEM professionals as active long-term mentors in the classroom community
- ◆ Assess employer needs and goals to create partnerships and work opportunities
- ◆ Use school communities to create diverse leadership teams and inclusive networks to connect employers to underserved and marginalized communities

Parent and Family Engagement



Families frequently have a distant role in their students' CTE/STEM career paths, with family networks marginalized, unacknowledged, or excluded. Conventional strategies for connection tend to focus on informational contexts such as career fairs and conferences to discuss problems or accommodations. Parents are rarely engaged as leaders or collaborators. Biases about families mirror biases about underrepresented students. Systemic and economic inequities also block family participation in career path development.

- ◆ Be aware that educator biases can alienate parents of marginalized students
- ◆ Gather stories from a student's network to identify cultural values and contexts
- ◆ Recognize how families and communities of marginalized individuals have been affected by a history of tracking and other biased systems that have limited access and opportunity in the past. Recognize the need for validation and reciprocity in future relationship and bridge-building.
- ◆ Initiate culturally relevant CTE/STEM projects that involve family members, and build social and cultural capital for all participants
- ◆ Evaluate parent engagement initiatives with ongoing

participatory action research, and include participating families and students in the evaluation process

Student Voice



Too often, students are excluded from the opportunity of addressing the equity gaps that ultimately affect them most. Students' lived experiences navigating educational systems and STEM and CTE curriculum should greatly influence evaluations of policies, procedures, and practices that cement biases into educational systems. Engaging students in decision making that directly affects them is a powerful and effective way to build relationships and solutions that can authentically address equity gaps in outcomes for marginalized groups. Students must be put at the center of the equation, and they must be directly engaged in identifying and addressing the systemic barriers that limit access and opportunity in CTE and STEM programs of study.

- ◆ Let the disability rights call for action guide your process working with all marginalized students: "Nothing about us without us!"
- ◆ Provide space for students to self-define information gathering strategies and extend strategies such as surveys and focus groups by giving participating students the opportunity to summarize and present their own findings, rather than summarizing and translating their thoughts into biased teacher/administrator frameworks
- ◆ Co-create research and curriculum initiatives with students as active partners, agreeing on team roles, responsibilities, and goals together
- ◆ Engage students as ongoing partners in long-term research projects that connect equity initiatives on individual, institutional and systemic levels. Prioritize the overrepresentation of students from marginalized groups in whole school equity initiatives as well as single program or curriculum focused equity initiatives
- ◆ Create space for students to author how they choose to share their expertise: for example, speak-outs, online reports/brochures, student-led ethnographic or action research projects, co-publications
- ◆ Select students who are routinely left out and overlooked in order to receive genuinely inclusive input. Don't fall into the trap of choosing "the usual suspects" (high-achievers or conventionally "articulate" participants). This requires deep relationship, trust, and community building to ensure authentic engagement that centers reciprocity and moves away from tokenism
- ◆ Co-design student participation with a combination of structured (such as clear reporting procedures or focus group activities) and flexible activities (such as action research or problem-based exploration) to generate diverse input
- ◆ Remember that students speak differently together than with an adult/educator present. Give students opportunities

- to speak together as well as in adult support contexts
- ◆ Co-create environments where students feel comfortable to speak for themselves. Give them ample space to translate their insights into their own proposals and themes, rather than imposing educator/adult summaries and conclusions to frame the results
 - ◆ Be open to and take action on discoveries that may be uncomfortable, surprising, or contradictory to educator perspectives or assessments. The reason student voice is so valuable is that student experiences are so different from an educator's. Appreciate their expertise and co-create a culture where students can hold educators, administrators, and leaders accountable to decisions that directly affect their wellbeing and self-defined success.



Conclusion

UA2: Moving from Unawareness to Awareness to Understanding to Action

The NAPE **Equity in CTE & STEM Root Causes and Strategies: A Call to Action** is organized to help the reader move through a process that leads to meaningful and informed action based on internalized values and an equity lens. This ongoing and iterative process requires self-awareness, self-reflection, and practice. Using this Root Causes resource supports building awareness, understanding, and action by articulating the need for a shift in mindset, contextualizing relevant theory and best practices, and supporting active engagement through praxis. Praxis is the

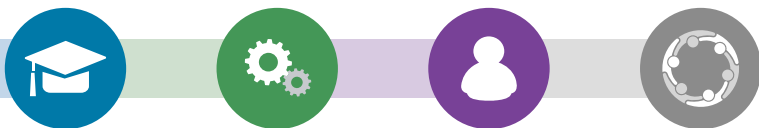
space between theory and practice—supporting awareness of game-changing questions and our own assumptions as we integrate new innovations and more equitable practices into our classrooms, institutions, and systems. We can have a greater impact when we operate from this space, because we build strategies from a broader, more complex foundation of knowledge. Praxis focuses our attention on real-world structures and challenges in the specific contexts where we have control and influence.



As you determine how to use these strategies and actively engage the research and effective practices from the field, consider the following Key Questions:

- 1 How do educators' perceptions of, and beliefs about, students affect student outcomes?
- 2 How do students' perceptions of themselves affect student outcomes?
- 3 How do institutional structures (e.g., policies, climate) contribute to differential outcomes for students in educational environments?
- 4 How do these dynamics affect student course/program participation, persistence, and performance?
- 5 How can educators, individually and collectively, become change agents and advocates for increased student access, educational equity, and ultimately workforce diversity?
- 6 How do we center the voices, experiences, and critiques of students and families in seeking solutions to complex challenges?

We encourage you to explore these and other questions individually and in your respective collaborative teams in order to transform CTE and STEM at the local, state, and national levels so that every student can thrive in the full spectrum of career and educational options.



The National Alliance for Partnerships in Equity (NAPE) is a consortium of state and local agencies, corporations, and national organizations. Through its four main areas of focus—professional development, technical assistance, research and evaluation, and advocacy—NAPE strives to achieve its mission of building educators' capacity to implement effective solutions for increasing student access, educational equity, and workforce diversity. NAPE believes that every student should have an education that prepares them to earn a living wage, and that bias in education must be addressed to ensure every student thrives.

If you would like to be a part of a community dedicated to building individual and collective capacity to effect positive change toward educational equity in CTE and STEM, join us at napequity.org.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

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Thank you
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ENDNOTES

The reference list for the full literature review⁴, on which this **Call to Action** is based, is detailed and diverse. The literature review looks at a wide range of theories, evidence, and best practices; therefore, excerpting citations would not reflect the fullness of the list. As a result, we have chosen not to present a shortened version here.

1 NAPE is a proud partner of the “Without Limits” Initiative, <https://careertech.org/without-limits>.

2 Inclusion Across the Nation of Communities of Learners of Underrepresented Discoverers in Engineering and Science (NSF INCLUDES) NSF INCLUDES Alliances. Retrieved from <https://www.nsf.gov/pubs/2020/nsf20569/nsf20569.htm>

3 Reha, L., Lufkin, M., & Harrison, L. (2009). Nontraditional Career Preparation Root Causes and Strategies. PA: NAPE Education Foundation.

4 Burbank, C., Romanillos, R., Williams, L., & Williams, B. (in press). Equity in CTE & STEM Root Causes and Strategies. PA: NAPE Education Foundation, Inc. Learn more at <https://napequity.org/root>

5 For additional information on an asset v. deficit orientation, see the Equity Principles to Frame the Comprehensive Local Needs Assessment: <https://napequity.org/wp-content/uploads/Perkins-V-Equity-Principles-for-Comprehensive-Local-Needs-Assessment-2020-02-21.pdf>.

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