



Higher Education Act

The current version of the Higher Education Act (HEA) was signed into law in 2008 and has been reauthorized eight times total. HEA was originally passed I 1965 to ensure higher education was accessible to all students through increased resources to postsecondary institutions and student financial assistance.

Career and Technical Education (CTE) in Arkansas

CTE provides secondary and postsecondary students with academic and technical skills and knowledge to prepare for the current and future workforce. To realize our business, economic, and human potential, we must close equity gaps by gender, race and ethnicity, and special population status in high-skill, high-wage, programs of study.

CTE ENROLLMENT BY GENDER, 2020-2021¹



65,971

Male

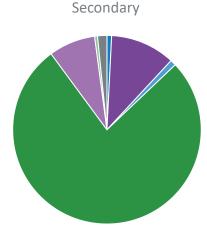


67,695

Female

CTE ENROLLMENT

BY RACE, 2020-2021¹



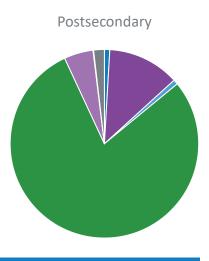
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דווח	ICON	ΛFS	2020-2021	school	Vpar2

96%	of Arkansas high school students participating in CTE
30/0	programs graduated

82%	of CTE high school students received Post-Program
02/0	Placement

of Arkansas CTE postsecondary students earned a credential, certificate, or degree

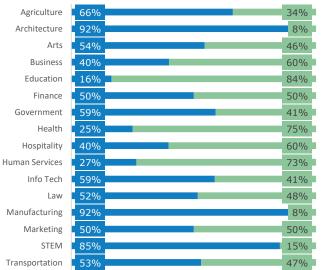
0.8%	AMERICAN INDIAN/ ALASKAN NATIVE	0.9%
1.0%	ASIAN	0.8%
11.1%	BLACK	12.1%
8.0%	HISPANIC/LATINO	4.9%
0.5%	PACIFIC ISLANDER	0.1%
77.0%	WHITE	77.6%
1.6%	2+ or OTHER	1.8%



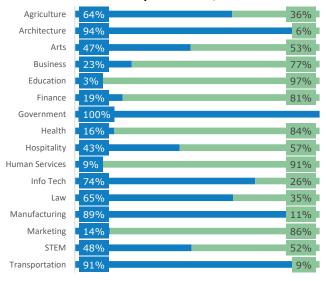
State Concentrator Enrollment by Career Cluster¹







Arkansas Post-Secondary Enrollment, 2020-2021**



Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA)

The Workforce Investment Act (P.L. 105-220) was enacted in 1998 and was last reauthorized by the Workforce Innovation and Opportunity Act (WIOA) (P.L. 113-128) in 2014. WIOA is the primary federal legislation governing federal workforce development programs. It is designed to help job seekers access employment, education, training, and support services to succeed in the labor market and to match employers with the skilled workers they need to compete in the global economy.

United States 2020-2021³



\$2,615,686,395 Funds Expended

3,100,683 Participants*



1,542,930



1,557,753

Arkansas 2020-2021³



\$13,798,233 Funds Expended

51,319 Participants*



23,854



27,465 Women

PARTICIPATION, by age, 2021-2022³

	Under 16	16-18	19-24	25-44	45-54	55-59	60+
National	6,435	101,012	402,819	1,440,033	556,845	268,062	365,689
Arkansas	36	923	6,329	23,625	9,605	4,762	6,140

PARTICIPATION, by race and ethnicity, 2021-2022³

	AI/AN	Asian	Black	Hispanic/ Latino	NH/PI	White	More than one
National	79,009	106,536	794,496	600,507	32,676	170,3285	81,571
Arkansas	623	256	17,932	1,856	513	29,139	243

^{*}Total participants may not be a sum of Men and Women due to self reporting.

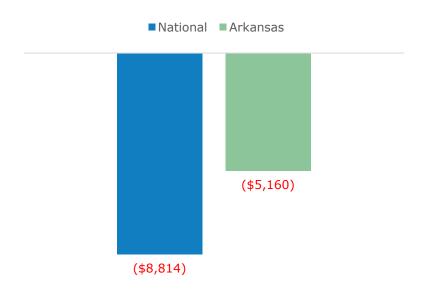
^{**}Secondary and Postsecondary Enrollment data shown reflects data that met DOL and DOE reporting standards

Community College Funding Gap

Community colleges offer a vital and affordable career pathway and vocational training, an entry point to a 4-year degree, and an opportunity for High school students to earn college credits through dual enrollment. Because these colleges disproportionately serve low-income students and students of color, they support social mobility and the health of the U.S. economy. Yet, they receive \$8,800 less in education revenue per student enrolled than 4-year institutions.⁶

REVENUE GAP, state vs national⁷

Revenue gap between four-year institutions and two-year institutions per full-time enrolled student, by state (in thousands USD)



In Arkansas, community colleges receive \$5,160 less in education revenue per student enrolled than four-year institutions.

Dual Enrollment Pathways⁸

Dual enrollment allows students to try out different career paths, which increases engagement and success. Dual enrollment students, particularly low-income and male students, are more likely to earn a high school diploma, enroll in a bachelor's program, and enroll in college full time. Yet, research shows that student outcomes vary substantially by state and often by income.

Percentage of High-School Dual-Enrollment Students Who Completed Any Award						
	First attended a commi	unity college	First attended a 4-year college			
	Arkansas	United States	Arkansas	United States		
Lower income	48%	43%	49%	58%		
Higher Income	49%	50%	55%	71%		

State Actions on Coronavirus Relief Funds⁹

Coronavirus Relief Funds have infused governments with financial resources to respond and recover from the pandemic and avoid deep budget cuts and depleted reserves. Below is how Arkansas plans to spend its funds to support education.

- \$28.2 million To reopen Arkansas Higher Education Institutions proposal on behalf of II
 public and private higher education institutions to create robust testing protocol, contract
 tracing system and supplies needed to ensure clean and safe environment for students,
 faculty and staff
- \$15.1 million to the Department of Education for Emergency COVID leave for school employees
- \$9.9 million to the Department of Education for school meal reimbursement

The ESSER Fund of \$122 billion supports efforts to safely and equitably reopen K-12 schools and expand opportunity for students who need it most. These funds were made available to state educational agencies (SEAs) for distribution.



Arkansas ESSER Funds received¹⁰

\$1,254,119,960

Sources

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- https://cte.ed.gov/dataexplorer/build enrollment
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- 3. WIOA Title I and III Annual Report Data: Program Year 2021, U.S. Department of Labor, https://www.dol.gov/agencies/eta/performance/results (National and State Summaries)
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- 6. An Introduction to Community Colleges and Their Students, Community College Research Center, Teachers College, Columbia University, https://ccrc.tc.columbia.edu/media/k2/attachments/introduction-community-colleges-students.pdf
- 7. The \$78 Billion Community College Funding Shortfall, Center for American Progress, https://www.americanprogress.org/article/78-billion-community-college-funding-shortfall/
- 8. What Happens to Students Who Take Community College "Dual Enrollment" Courses in High School?, Community College Research Center, Teachers College, Columbia University, https://ccrc.tc.columbia.edu/publications/what-happens-community-college-dual-enrollment-students.html
- 9. State Actions on Coronavirus Relief Funds, National Conference of State
 Legislatures, <a href="https://app.powerbi.com/view?r=eyJrljoiMTcyNGQ5ZmUtNTY3Mi00YjViLTgyNjMtZjk1NzVkYTUyZGUzliwidCl6ljM4MmZiOGlwLTRkYzMtNDEwNy04MGJkLTM10TViMjQzMmZhZSlsImMi0jZ9&pageName=ReportSection 10. ARP ESSER State Plans, Office of Secondary Education, https://oese.ed.gov/offices/education-stabilization-fund/elementary-secondary-school-emergency-relief-fund/stateplans/